

Ruby - Bug #4103

String#hash not returning consistent values in different sessions

12/01/2010 12:30 AM - ryanong (Ryan Ong)

Status:	Closed	Backport:
Priority:	Normal	
Assignee:		
Target version:	1.9.2	
ruby -v:	ruby 1.9.2p0 (2010-08-18 revision 29036) [i386-darwin10.4.0]	
Description		
=begin		
I open one irb session		
ruby-1.9.2-p0 > 'test'.hash		
=> -658842761		
ruby-1.9.2-p0 > 'test'.hash		
=> -658842761		
The second time I open it		
ruby-1.9.2-p0 > 'test'.hash		
=> 11032433		
ruby-1.9.2-p0 > 'test'.hash		
=> 11032433		
I have no clue if this is on purpose or not but in 1.8.7 it was consistent across different sessions.		
=end		

History

#1 - 12/01/2010 02:07 AM - naruse (Yui NARUSE)

=begin
Hi,

(2010/12/01 0:30), Ryan Ong wrote:

I open one irb session

ruby-1.9.2-p0> 'test'.hash => -658842761
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The second time I open it

ruby-1.9.2-p0> 'test'.hash => 11032433
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I have no clue if this is on purpose or not but in 1.8.7 it was consistent across different sessions.

It is intended. Ruby 1.9 explicitly use session local random seed to calculate a hash for strings (and some other objects).

This is because the implementation of Object#hash is different between versions (like 1.9.1 and 1.9.2) and implementations (like JRuby, Rubinius, IronRuby, and so on). We want people to write portable code around Object#hash, so we did so.

You should use Digest::SHA256 or some other digest routines when you want some hash value (message digest).

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NARUSE, Yui naruse@airemix.jp

=end

#2 - 12/01/2010 03:40 AM - shyouhei (Shyouhei Urabe)

- Status changed from Open to Closed

=begin

See also: <http://perldoc.perl.org/perlsec.html#Algorithmic-Complexity-Attacks>

=end

#3 - 12/08/2010 11:19 AM - duerst (Martin Dürst)

=begin

On 2010/12/01 2:07, NARUSE, Yui wrote:

It is intended. Ruby 1.9 explicitly use session local random seed to calculate a hash for strings (and some other objects).

This is because the implementation of Object#hash is different between versions (like 1.9.1 and 1.9.2) and implementations (like JRuby, Rubinius, IronRuby, and so on). We want people to write portable code around Object#hash, so we did so.

Also, it helps to avoid some denial of service attacks, such as registering hundreds and thousands of users with usernames that have the same hash code.

Regards, Martin.

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#-# Martin J. Dürst, Professor, Aoyama Gakuin University

#-# <http://www.sw.it.aoyama.ac.jp> <mailto:duerst@it.aoyama.ac.jp>

=end