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Agriculture



In the early years of European integration, a shared desire to increase food production and restructure agriculture led to the development of the <u>common agricultural policy</u> (CAP). 60 years later, the CAP is the longestrunning <u>European Union</u> (EU) policy, providing vital support to farmers, rural areas and the entire agri-food system across the EU. It accounts for 31% of the total <u>EU budget for the 2021–2027 period</u>. An agreement on the sixth major reform of the CAP was formally adopted

in December 2021, with the new CAP due to apply from 2023. It will seek to ensure a sustainable future for European farmers, provide more targeted support to smaller farms, and allow greater flexibility for EU <u>Member States</u> to adapt measures to local conditions. This will pave the way for a fairer, greener and more performance-based CAP, which will provide a stable, safe and healthy food supply for EU citizens. Agriculture and rural areas are central elements of the <u>European Green Deal</u>, and the new CAP will be a key tool in reaching the ambitions of the farm-to-fork and biodiversity strategies.

- Common Agricultural Policy (CAP)
- Funding & support schemes
- Agricultural products
- • Genetically modified organisms (GMOs) rules & consumers protection
- ▶ Pesticides & fertilisers
- Interaction with other policies: competition & trade
- European statistics
- • Archived summaries

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Environment and climate change



ood safety