Building Bridges

Miles Conrad Lecture 2006
Carol Tenopir, University of Tennessee
ctenopir@utk.edu











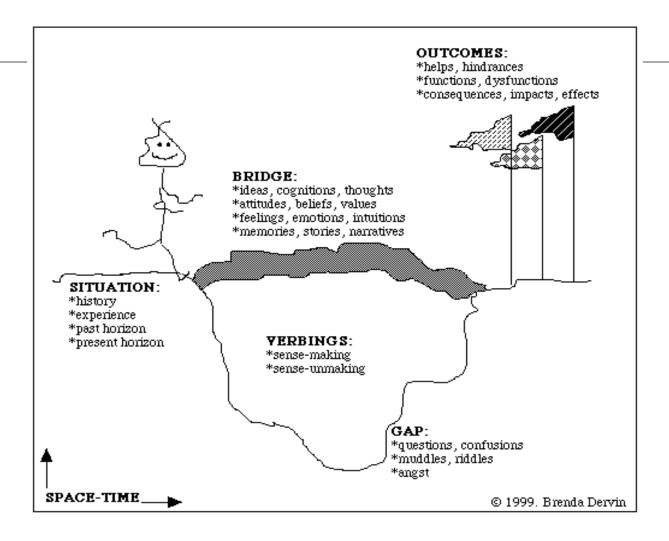






THE UNIVERSITY of TENNESSEE

School of Information Sciences



THE UNIVERSITY of TENNESSEE School of Information Sciences



Five Points

- 1. The more you know about traffic patterns, the better your bridge will be
- 2. Build lots of on-ramps
- 3. It will never be perfect for the traffic
- 4. The direct route may not be strongest
- 5. The fastest way isn't always the best



1. The more you know about traffic patterns, the better your bridge will be.





















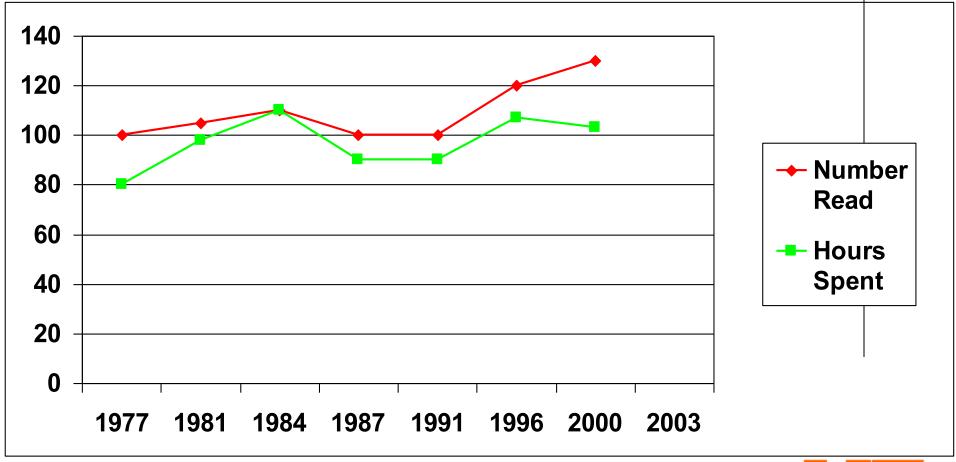
Tenopir & King Reading surveys:

- 30,000+ scientists, engineers, physicians, and social scientists
- 1977 to the present
- University and non-university settings
- Recent surveys at U.S. and Australian universities, pediatricians, astronomers

Critical Incident (Last Reading)

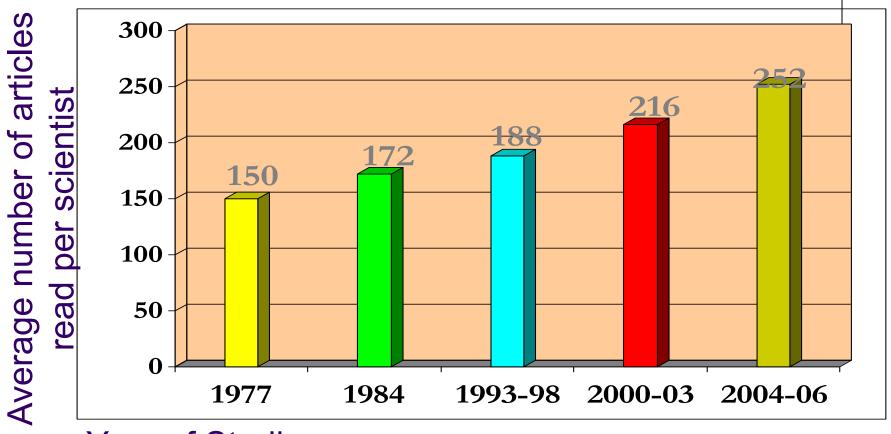
- Measures details of last article reading
- Gives purpose and value
- Details such as age of reading, source of reading, time spent reading, etc.
- Supplemented by demographics and a few general questions

More Reading in Not Much More Time (ave # of articles/year and ave time/article)





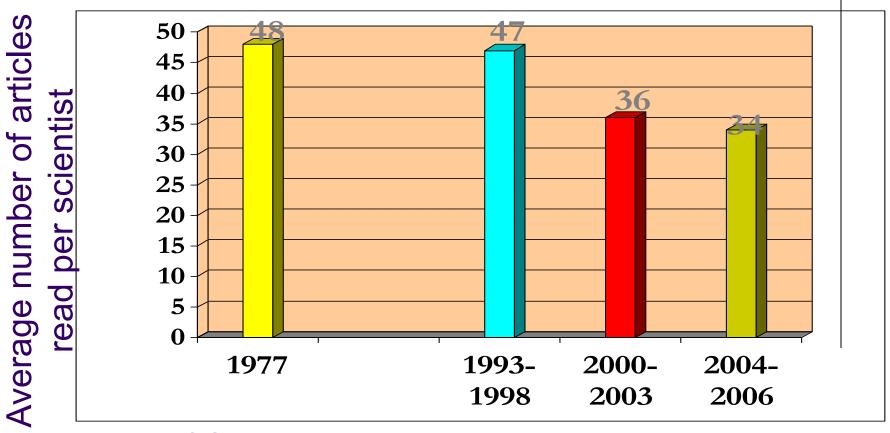
Average Articles Read per year per University Faculty Member



Year of Studies



Average Minutes per Article by University Faculty Member



Year of Studies

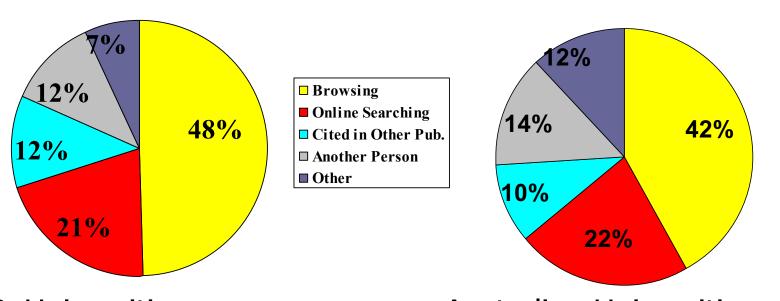


Many Ways to Locate Information

- Browsing (through print or electronic journals; for current awareness and reading from core titles)
- Searching (in search engine, e-journals system, or index; for new topics; older articles; research and writing; favorite method for students)
- Following citations in print or electronic
- Recommendation from another person
- Other, including alerts, preprint services



Readers Still Use Many Ways to Locate Articles

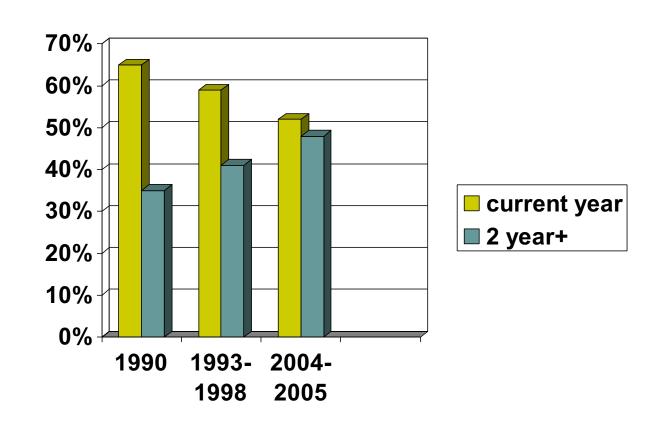


U.S. Universities 2000-2003

Australian Universities 2004-2005

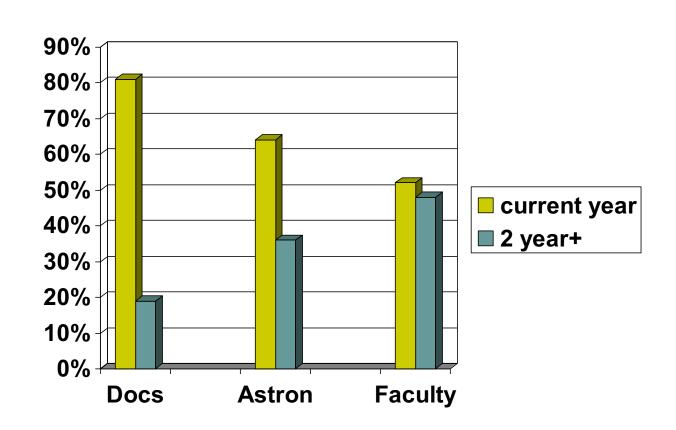


Readings of older materials may be increasing (university faculty)





Subject Discipline is a Major Source of Differences (2003-2005)





More Subject Differences 3% 21% 21% Browsing 8% Online Searching 8% 16% 39% Cited in Other Pub. 76% **■ Another Person** Astronomers Other **Pediatricians** 12% 48% 12% 21% **U.S.** Universities THE UNIVERSITY of TENNESSEE

School of Information Sciences

Differences in Principal Purpose of Reading for Faculty and Pediatricians

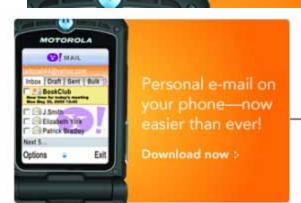
<u>Purposes</u>	<u>Fac</u>	<u>Ped</u>
Primary Research	32%	5%
Current Awareness	22%	50%
Teaching	18%	5%
Background/other	18%	6%
Writing Proposals	10%	2%
Consulting/diagnosis/treatment		32%



2. Build Lots of Onramps









FREE Recipe Collection download! Store over 100 classic summer recipes on your Apple IPod. Featuring Kraft Kitchen's best grilling ideas, desserts and more!





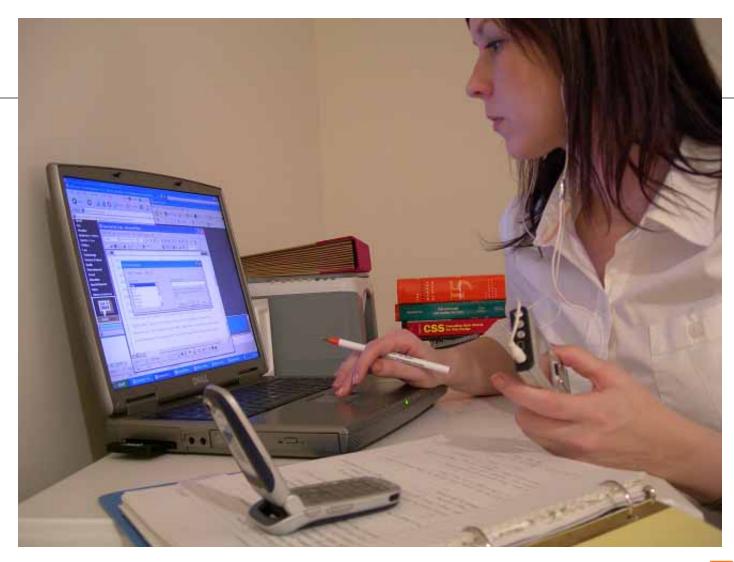




now on your iPod

THE UNIVERSITY of TENNESSEE





THE UNIVERSITY of TENNESSEE School of Information Sciences









THE UNIVERSITY of TENNESSEE

School of Information Sciences



3. The Bridge Will Never Be Big Enough for the Traffic It Attracts





Expectations evolve

- 50% of pediatricians have PDAs, 80% of medical students
- Use for personal, reference information
- Reading for current awareness
- Reading on the run

Podcast

Push Technology

Online

Real-time

Webcast

Internet

Cyberspace

RSS



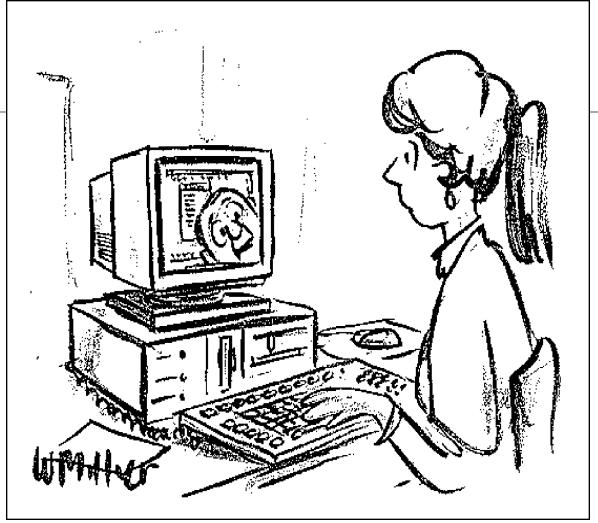
Wired World



4. The Most Direct Route May Not Be the Strongest







"Excuse me, I'm lost. Can you direct me to the information superhighway?"

THE UNIVERSITY of TENNESSEE
School of Information Sciences

5. The Fastest Way to Get There Isn't Always the Best









THE UNIVERSITY OF TENNESSEE

School of Information Sciences

















THE UNIVERSITY of TENNESSEE

School of Information Sciences