Region: Latin America and Caribbean Income Category: Upper Middle Income



Human capital – knowledge, skills, and good health – empowers people to achieve their potential and drives economic growth. This brief tracks progress by Grenada in building and using human capital. The Human Capital Complementary Indicators offer a snapshot of human capital investments at four stages of the lifecycle. The brief uses the latest available data. It is benchmarked against regional averages and reports progress over the previous 5 years.

EARLY CHILDHOOD

- Neonatal mortality rate. The neonatal mortality rate is 12 per 1,000 live births (2023). This remains unchanged since 2018. The indicator is higher than the regional average.
- **Pre-primary school gross enrollment ratio.** The pre-primary school gross enrollment ratio is **131%** (by the official age) (2020), compared to 92% in 2015. The indicator is above the regional average.
- **DTP vaccination rate, third dose.** In 2024, **93%** of infants received the third dose of the diphtheria, tetanus and pertussis vaccine, compared to 94% in 2019. The indicator is higher than the regional average.

SCHOOL AGE

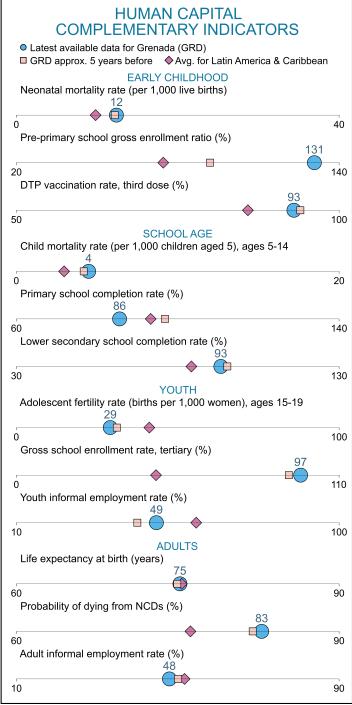
- **Child mortality rate.** The mortality rate for children ages 5-14 is **4** per 1,000 children aged 5 (2023). This remains unchanged since 2018. The indicator is higher than the regional average.
- **Primary school completion rate.** The primary school completion rate is **86**% (by the official entrance age of the last grade) (2021), compared to 97% in 2016. The indicator is below the regional average.
- Lower secondary school completion rate. The lower secondary school completion rate is 93% (by the official entrance age of the last grade) (2021), compared to 95% in 2016. The indicator is higher than the regional average.

YOUTH

- Adolescent fertility rate. The number of births for every 1,000 women ages 15-19 is **29** (2023), compared to 31 in 2018. The indicator is lower than the regional average.
- Gross school enrollment rate, tertiary. Tertiary school enrollment as a percentage of people ages 18-24 is 97% (2018), compared to 93% in 2015. The indicator is above the regional average.
- Youth informal employment rate. The rate of informal employment among working youth (ages 15-24) is 49% (2023), compared to 44% in 2018. The indicator is lower than the regional average.

ADULTS

- Life expectancy at birth. Life expectancy at birth is **75** years (2023). This remains unchanged since 2018. The indicator is similar to the regional average.
- **Probability of dying from NCDs.** The probability of dying from non-communicable diseases between the ages of 30 to 70 is **83%** (2019), compared to 82% in 2015. The indicator is above the regional average.
- Adult informal employment rate. The rate of informal employment among working adults (ages 25+) is 48% (2023), compared to 50% in 2018. The indicator is lower than the regional average.



Note: All values use internationally comparable public datasets. Missing symbols indicate unavailable statistics. Full details can be accessed through the QR code.



