



BURUNDI

Region: Sub-Saharan Africa

Income Category: Low Income



Human capital – knowledge, skills, and good health – empowers people to achieve their potential and drives economic growth. This brief tracks progress by Burundi in building and using human capital. The Human Capital Complementary Indicators offer a snapshot of human capital investments at four stages of the lifecycle. The brief uses the latest available data. It is benchmarked against regional averages and reports progress over the previous 5 years.

EARLY CHILDHOOD

- **Neonatal mortality rate.** The neonatal mortality rate is **20** per 1,000 live births (2023), compared to 22 in 2018. The indicator is lower than the regional average.
- **Pre-primary school gross enrollment ratio.** The pre-primary school gross enrollment ratio is **16%** (by the official age) (2021), compared to 14% in 2016. The indicator is below the regional average.
- **DTP vaccination rate, third dose.** In 2024, **89%** of infants received the third dose of the diphtheria, tetanus and pertussis vaccine, compared to 93% in 2019. The indicator is higher than the regional average.

SCHOOL AGE

- **Child mortality rate.** The mortality rate for children ages 5-14 is **18** per 1,000 children aged 5 (2023), compared to 20 in 2018. The indicator is higher than the regional average.
- **Children engaged in child labor.** The share of children (ages 5-17) who are engaged in economic activities is **54%** (2020). The indicator is above the regional average.
- **Learning poverty.** In 2019, **96%** of children could not read and understand a simple text, by age 10. The indicator is higher than the regional average.

YOUTH

- **Youth not in employment, education or training.** In 2024, **13%** of youth (ages 15-24) were not in employment, education or training, compared to 10% in 2019. The indicator is lower than the regional average.
- **Adolescent fertility rate.** The number of births for every 1,000 women ages 15-19 is **53** (2023), compared to 57 in 2018. The indicator is below the regional average.
- **Youth literacy rate.** The share of youth (ages 15-24) who are literate is **94%** (2022), compared to 88% in 2017. The indicator is higher than the regional average.

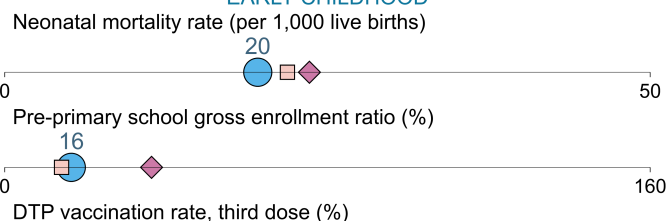
ADULTS

- **Female labor force participation rate.** Female labor force participation as a percentage of the female working-age population (ages 25+) is **92%** (2024). This remains unchanged since 2019. The indicator is higher than the regional average.
- **Life expectancy at birth.** Life expectancy at birth is **64** years (2023), compared to 62 in 2018. The indicator is below the regional average.
- **Adult unemployment rate.** Unemployed adults as a share of the adult labor force (ages 25+) is **1%** (2024). This remains unchanged since 2019. The indicator is lower than the regional average.

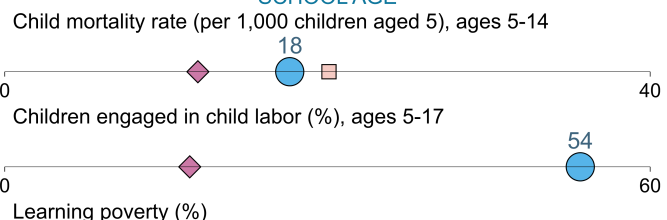
HUMAN CAPITAL COMPLEMENTARY INDICATORS

● Latest available data for Burundi (BDI)
 ■ BDI approx. 5 years before ◆ Average for Sub-Saharan Africa

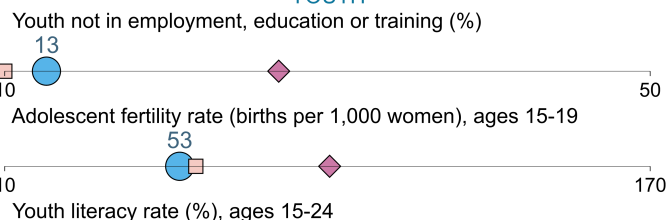
EARLY CHILDHOOD



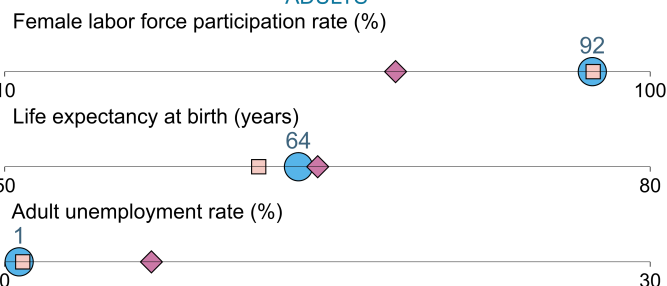
SCHOOL AGE



YOUTH



ADULTS



Note: All values use internationally comparable public datasets. Missing symbols indicate unavailable statistics. Full details can be accessed through the QR code.

